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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/621,727 07/17/2003		Richard P. Wool	00131-00339-US	1581		
23416	7590 08/25/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER		
	LY BOVE LODGE & H	CHEUNG, WILLIAM K				
P O BOX 2207 WILMINGTON, DE 19899			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
,			1713			
			DATE MALLED, 0005000	DATE MAIL ED: 09/05/0006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applic	ant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/621,727	WOOL	. ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Un	it				
		William K. Cheung	1713					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover	sheet with the correspo	ndence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COI 36(a). In no event, however will apply and will expire Son, cause the application to	MMUNICATION. er, may a reply be timely filed IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing become ABANDONED (35 U.S.	g date of this communicat .C. § 133).				
Status								
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 A</u>	uaust 2006.						
•	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G.	213.				
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-4,6,11-14,16-21 and 23-27 is/are per 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-4,6,11-14,16-21 and 23-27 is/are reclaim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from considera	tion.					
Applicati	ion Papers							
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b)⊡ obje drawing(s) be held i ion is required if the	n abeyance. See 37 CFF drawing(s) is objected to	R 1.85(a). . See 37 CFR 1.121	` '			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been receis have been receinity documents have (PCT Rule 17.2)	ved. ved in Application No. ve been received in this a)).	· ·				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		nterview Summary (PTO-41					
3) 🔲 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) 🔲 1	aper No(s)/Mail Date lotice of Informal Patent App other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. In view of amendment filed August 3, 2006, claims 5, 7-10, 15, 22 have been cancelled, and new claims 26-27 have been added. Claims 1-4, 6, 11-14, 16-21, 23-27 are pending.

2. In view of amendment filed August 3, 2006, the rejection of Claims 1-4, 6, 11-14, 16-21, 23-27 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Booth (US 2,059,930), is withdrawn.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to

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be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-4, 6, 11-14, 16-21, 23-27 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of U.S. Patent No. 6,121,398. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the invention of claims 1-20 of U.S. Patent No. 6,121,398 fully encompasses the invention of Claims 1-4, 6, 11-14, 16-21, 23-27 as claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

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the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. Claims 1-4, 6, 11-14, 16-21, 23-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wool et al. (US 6,121,398).

The invention of claims 1-4, 6, 11-14, 16-21, 23-27 relates to a **low dielectric** constant material comprising.

- (a) a plant oil with an unsaturation.
- (b) a **comonomer** and
- (c) animal feathers wherein said feathers are feather mats.

Wool et al. (col. 21-22, claims 1, 3, 18) disclose a resin system comprising styrene (col. 21, claim 1), soy bean oil (col. 21, claim 3), and bird feathers (col. 22, claim 18). Wool et al. (Figure 1B; col. 2, line 41-49) clearly disclose that the soy bean oil employed is an acrylated epoxidized triglyceride soy bean oil. Although Wool et al. are silent that the disclosed bird feathers are feather mats, in view of that feathers inherently

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possess barbules that are organized and are easily stacked together into interlocking form, the examiner has a reasonable basis that the claimed "feather mats" feature is inherently possessed in Wool et al. Since the PTO does not have proper means to conduct experiments, the burden of proof is now shifted to applicants to show otherwise. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977); In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980).

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William K Cheung whose telephone number is (571) 272-1097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00AM to 2:00PM; 4:00PM to 8:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David WU can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William K. Cheung, Ph. D.

Primary Examiner

WILLIAM K. CHEUNG PRIMARY EXAMINER

August 20, 2006